



मुख्य पृष्ठ संख्या-32 (कवर पैज़्ज़ सहित)

माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड, राजस्थान, अजमेर

अजमेर



क्रम संख्या

21245

उच्च माध्यमिक परीक्षा

(परीक्षार्थी द्वारा स्वयं भरा जाना चाहिये)



नोट :- परीक्षार्थी उपरोक्त के आतारकत उत्तर पुस्तिका के अन्य भाग में अपना नामांक नहीं लिखें।

माध्यम — हिन्दी अंग्रेजी

विषय English literature

परीक्षा का दिन Friday

दिनांक March 16, 2024

नोट :- परीक्षार्थी के लिए आवश्यक निर्देश इस पृष्ठ के पिछले भाग पर उल्लेखित हैं। जिन्हें सावधानी पूर्वक पढ़ लें व पालना अवश्य करें।

- परीक्षक हेतु निर्देश :- (1) परीक्षक को उपरोक्त सारणी अनुसार प्राप्तांक भरना अनिवार्य है, अन्यथा नियमानुसार दंडित किया जायेगा।
(2) परीक्षक उत्तर पुस्तिका के अन्दर के पृष्ठों के बारीं और निर्धारित कॉलम में लाल इंक से अंक प्रदत्त करें।
(3) कुल योग मिलन में प्राप्त होने पर उसे पूर्णांक में ही परिवर्तित कर अंकित करें (उदाहरणार्थः 15 1/4 को 16, 17 1/2 को 18, 19 3/4 को 20)

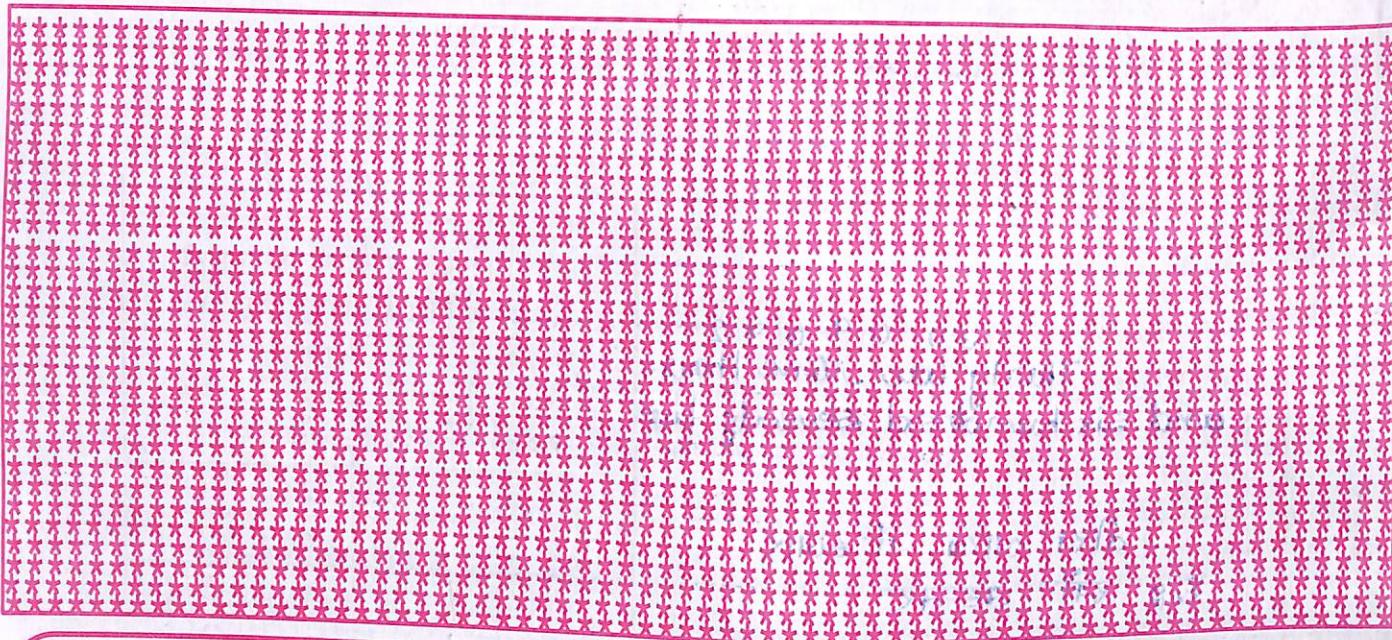
प्रश्नवार प्राप्तांकों की सारणी (परीक्षक के उपयोग हेतु)			
प्रश्नों की क्रम संख्या	प्राप्तांक	प्रश्नों की क्रम संख्या	प्राप्तांक
1	1	19	6
2	1	20	2
3	1	21	2
4	1	22	2
5	1	23	6
6	1	24	4
7	1	25	2
8	1	26	2
9	1	27	2
10	1	28	6
11	1	29	4
12	1	30	4
13	1	31	6
14	1	योग	80
15	1	प्राप्त अंकों का कुल योग (Round off)	
16	1	अंकों में शब्दों में	
17	8	80	eighty
18	8		

परीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर संकेतांक [3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 9]

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि इस उत्तर पुस्तिका के निर्माण में बोर्ड द्वारा प्रदत्त 58 जी.एस.एम. ईको मैपलिथो कागज ही उपयोग में लिया गया है। 178/2024



प्रश्न



परीक्षार्थियों के लिए आवश्यक निर्देश

1. समस्त प्रश्नों का हल निर्धारित शब्द सीमा में इसी उत्तर पुस्तिका में करना है। विशेष परिस्थिति में अतिरिक्त उत्तर पुस्तिका, उत्तर पुस्तिका भरी हुई होने पर पर्यवेक्षक एवं वीक्षक की अनुशंसा पर ही उपलब्ध कराई जायेगी।
2. प्रश्न—पत्र पर निर्धारित स्थान पर अपना नामांक लिखें।
3. प्रश्न—पत्र हल करने के पश्चात् जिस पृष्ठ पर हल समाप्त होता है, उस पर अन्त में “समाप्त” लिखकर अन्त के सभी रिक्त पृष्ठों को तिरछी लाइन से काटें।
4. निम्न बातों का विशेष ध्यान रखें अन्यथा अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम अधिनियम के तहत कार्यवाही की जा सकेगी:-
 - (i) उत्तर पुस्तिका के ऊपर/अन्दर तथा प्रश्नोत्तर के किसी भी भाग में चाही गई सूचना के अलावा अपना नामांक, नाम, पता, फोन नम्बर अथवा पहचान की कोई अन्य प्रकार की सूचना आदि अंकित नहीं करें अन्यथा “अनुचित साधनों के प्रयोग” के अन्तर्गत कार्यवाही की जावेगी।
 - (ii) उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठों को फाँड़े नहीं। उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख पृष्ठ पर अंकित संख्या के अनुसार पृष्ठ पूरे होने चाहिये। परीक्षार्थी उत्तरपुस्तिका प्राप्त करते ही पृष्ठ संख्या की जांच कर लें यदि पृष्ठ कम/अधिक या क्रम में नहीं हैं तो वीक्षक से तुरन्त बदलवा लें।
 - (iii) परीक्षा केन्द्रों पर पुस्तक, लेख, कागज, केलक्यूलेटर, मोबाईल, पेजर आदि किसी भी प्रकार का इलेक्ट्रॉनिक उपकरण तथा किसी भी प्रकार का हथियार आदि ले जाना निषेध है।
 - (iv) वस्त्र, स्कैल, ज्योमेट्री बॉक्स पर कुछ न लिखकर लावें। टेबल के आस-पास कोई अनुचित सामग्री नहीं होनी चाहिये, इसकी जांच कर लें।
 - (v) अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका/ग्राफ/मानचित्र आदि परीक्षा भवन से बाहर ले जाना दण्डनीय अपराध है, अतः परीक्षा समाप्ति पर उत्तर पुस्तिका वीक्षक को बिना सौंपे परीक्षा कक्ष नहीं छोड़ें।
5. उत्तरों को क्रमानुसार एक ही स्थान पर लिखें। प्रश्न क्रमांक भी सही अंकित करें, अन्यथा दण्ड स्वरूप परीक्षक को 1 अंक कम करने का अधिकार है। बीच में उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठ रिक्त न छोड़ें। गणित विषय के लिए रफ कार्य उत्तर पुस्तिका के अंतिम पृष्ठों पर करें तथा तिरछी रेखा से काटें।
6. जहाँ तक हो सके प्रश्न के सभी भाग के उत्तर, उत्तर पुस्तिका में एक ही स्थान पर अंकित करें।
7. भाषा विषयों को छोड़कर शेष सभी विषयों के प्रश्न—पत्र हिन्दी-अंग्रेजी दोनों भाषा में मुद्रित हैं। किसी भी प्रकार की त्रुटि/अन्तर/विरोधाभास होने पर हिन्दी भाषा के प्रश्न को ही सही माना जाये।

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Section - A

1. (B) a democratic way of life (1)
2. (c) a necessary or indispensable requirement (1)
3. (A) with the elected representatives (1)
4. Dr. Radhakrishnan delivered his speech while performing an opening ceremony of new Orissa legislature building. (1)
5. Due to the failure or suppression of democratic govt. in a number of Asian countries many people have become apprehensive about the future of democracy. (1)
6. The political parties are today organised on personal or group basis. (1)
7. 'Concerned' (1)
8. 'opening' (1)
9. (c) poet (1)
10. (A) me (1)



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11. (B) dead (1)
12. The poet addressed sea in the first lines to break his cold gray stones. (1)
13. The poet says that the fisherman's boy shouts with his sister at play and the sailor's lad sings in his boat on the bay. (1)
14. The ships are going in their heaven under the hill. (1)
15. The people mentioned in the second stanza are - fisherman's boy, sailor's lad, and his sister. (1)
16. 'grave' (1)

Section - c

1. Indo-Anglian literature :-

It is an literary style. It is written by those who lived in India at least for few time.



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⇒ Indo-Anglian literature came into existence when the eastern and western culture encounter under the British rule. The first few decades of 20th century are the golden era of this literature.

⇒ Major themes of this literature -

1. sense of exile
2. Anglo-Indian life style
3. interest in Asian culture and
4. Natural scenery of Indian native culture.

Some best example of this literature :-

1. Rudyard Kipling o iij E.N. Forster

3 ⇒ Rudyard Kipling was awarded Nobel prize in literature.

Anglo Indian literature dies its natural death with the independence of India.

2. Stream of consciousness

It is a narrative style which shows the flow of thoughts going through the mind of protagonist. The thoughts flow in the way of stream and in natural way.



> The word have coined in the research of 1890 by psychologist William James in his research The principles of psychology.

- Some best examples are:

1. James Joyce - Ulysses
2. Dorothy Richardson - pilgrimage
3. Virginia Woolf - To the light house.

Q 6. 20. The woman was wearing an Egyptian ring in the shape of serpent in her right fore finger.

21. He met him thirty four years earlier in Vienna in a tavern frequented by Latin American students. She was eating sausage with boiled potatoes and drinking draft beer.

22. She had been born in Colombia and had come to Austria between 1900 when she was more than a child. She had been came to study music and voice.

23. The writer Joseph Conrad presented Captain Haggard as an eccentric person. He is was a retired boat-builder.



who afraid of long voyages and love to stay on earth. He suffers from the obtrusive obsession of his son who left the house when he was fourteen years old.

After the son her wife died this creates a vacuum in his life and left with nothing except to ^{past} pondering about and being optimistic about future. These incidents affect his mind butley.

His first act of cynicism that he left Xblechester and started living in Cottbrook. He asked people about his son on streets, gave advertisement, buy or bought decorative items for home, grow a had a long beared and wore sail clothes. But he ~~show~~ had fatherly love for Bessie and considered her his son's wife. At the end he refused to recognise his son telling him 'A grinning information fellow'. This shows his as an eccentric person.

(6)

24. The novelist D. H. Lawrence considers the novel more than poetry, philosophy, science or any other book because they all sees life in one perspective.

The philosopher consider thoughts to be suprem. The poetry sees life in



only one aspect. The scientist take one part of body and called it life. But the novel sees life in a whole. A whole is greater than a part. He says that now a brain, nervous system, bunch of bones, and skin is life but the life is whole of them.

(4)

25. The poet and his brother used to play on sand ^{with} and drawing birds and animals.

(2)

26. The house is three hundred years old so its falling to little bits before the eye of her ^{great} grandmother. She is in great pain.

(2)

27. The house is very old now so the wall of the house are became moistened by rain. They became weak from inside ^{by water}. They can break any time.

28.

The poet 'milton' considered the Shakespeare as an idol personality. The Shakespear has written 33 plays, 154 sonnet



and two poems. He says that there is no need to build a piled stone monument in the ~~memories~~ remembrance of Shakespeare because he himself made a live long monument for himself in the sense of his great literary work. All these are the ~~weak witness~~ weak witness of his name in comparison to his work.

(6) His delphic lines inspire the all coming generation. His writing covers almost all aspects of human emotions. No aspect is left by him. The kings and great men wish to die in the manner of Shakespeare. As he made a eternal monument in the form of his vast art. He calls him a 'great heir of son' and

29. Manjula loves her sister so much she consider her to be her child as she has no child. She sacrifices all her material comforts, parents in order to take care of her sister. Malini suffers from meanningomphile. She conceal the dark side of her sister and presents her as positive character in her novel 'The River has no memories'. She hides that her sister and Pramod was too close to each other. Thus, we can say that the love of Manjula



- is genuine.
30. The reached at a school from the film shooting place after killing the tiger. The school administration locked him in the principal room. Someone called the hunter Alphones. The master interrupted them but then he called the 'Save tiger committee'. The committee try to stop the hunter but became ready for hunting after the end. After that Alphonse pointed and the master entered the principal room. The tiger try to attack the master but his paws couldn't reach his body and attack in only air. The master told him to roll his eyes down and walk after him. The tiger followed him. He took him to deep jungle of mempi range and made him an spiritual. Thus, the master save him.
- (4)
31. The novel revolves around 'Raja'. It covers the life span of the tiger from a beast to a spiritual animal. The tiger go through the many upheaval. In the begining he was a cub who enjoy his life under the protection of his mother. Then he became



the 'Lord' of jungle. He had to enter the village for his family from where the master catch him and took him to Cirrus.

During the shooting of film the tiger killed the captain as he forced him to stand on his hind legs. The tiger reached at a school from where the hermit save him and took him with him. He changed him eternally and made him a spiritual.

The termed 'hero' can be used for the master as he saves him and made him a spiritual. The tiger is a main protagonist of the novel but the real hero is termed the master who bring eternal change in him.

(6)

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Section - B

17. Women Empowerment

The term women empowerment means "to give rights". Women empowerment means to give them rights to choose their own jobs, to give them the power to speak, to vast their opportunities so that they can involve in every field of country.

- Steps show taken by govt. for empowerment



- The govt. has reserved seats in parliament for equal distribution of power.
- The govt. schools are opened for education rights.
- The govt made such laws like: 'Dowry prohibition act 1981', 'Muslim mahila act', 'The women harassment at work place act', 'PoSCO' posco act'.
- ⇒ Steps should be taken:
- i) The social awareness is so much important to for the opportunities of a girl. (at rural area mainly)
 - ii) The equalization of gender, so that a girl can reach in every field of life.
 - iii) She should be aware about her rights, opportunities and her choices.
 - iv) She should be safe at her work to do better work.
- Some examples of empowerment: Indira Gandhi, the first women prime minister of India.



iii) kalpana chawla, the astrologer, Meri com,
Kamla Harris.

Now the women are a strong
pillar of a country's economy.

"A women smile
at you, you are best cure of his body!"

16.

"Important of morning walk"

R. W. Emerson said "the nature
wears the colour of spirit". The morning
walk introduces us about the colours of
nature. The peaceful wind, the chirping
of birds, no smoke, no noise pollution
give relief to our mind. And a peace
ful mind made body healthy.

16.

"Important of morning walk"

Honorable principal sir, respectable
teachers and all my friend today I
am Vaishnavi of class 12th of Govt. S.S.
School Muralipura Jaipur want to convey
my thoughts on Importance of morning
walk.

R. W. Emerson said the nature wears
the colour of spirit. The morning walk



introduces us with the colour of spirit. The peaceful wind, the chirping of birds, no noise pollution gives peace to our mind. And a peaceful mind means a healthy body, healthy organs. A peaceful mind is always ready to attain all the upheavels. Someone said 'look deep into nature and you will understand every thing'

The nature gives us time to understand ourselves better and think over ourselves. 15 minutes of complete walk is keep our mind fresh and cheerful. A fresh mind work nicely and so are organs. So it is a good habit to develops. We should at least walk for 15 minutes in the morning with nature. It is good habit for us. If we walk every day for at least 15 minutes in morning we will be healthy always.

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28



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