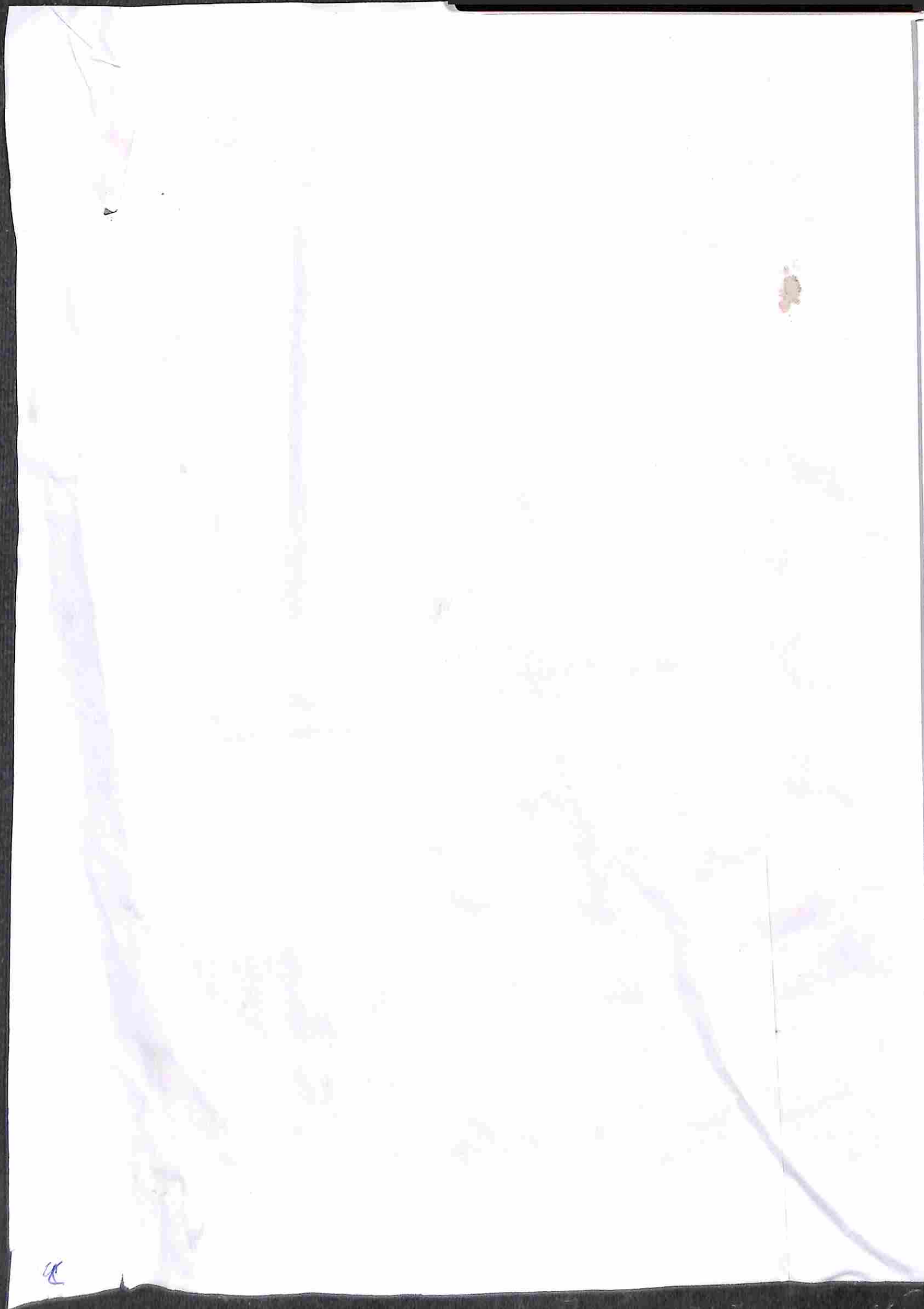




कुल पृष्ठ संख्या-32 (कवर पेज सहित)

क्रम संख्या

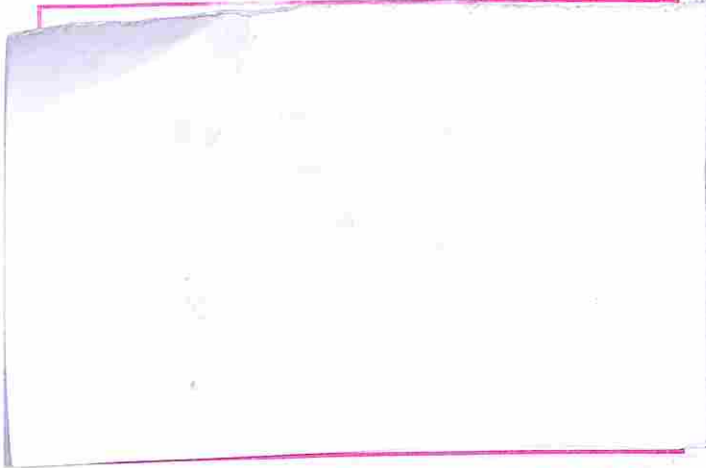


माध्यमिक शिक्षा बोर्ड, राजस्थान, अजमेर
उच्च माध्यमिक परीक्षा



48259

(परीक्षार्थी द्वारा स्वयं भरा जाना चाहिये)



नोट :- परीक्षार्थी उपरोक्त के अतिरिक्त उत्तर पुस्तिका के अन्य किसी भी भाग में अपना नामांक नहीं लिखें।

माध्यम - हिन्दी ☐ अंग्रेजी ☒

विषय Political Science

परीक्षा का दिन Thursday

दिनांक 6-04-2023

नोट :- परीक्षार्थी के लिए आवश्यक निर्देश इस पृष्ठ के पिछले भाग पर उल्लेखित हैं। जिन्हें सावधानी पूर्वक पढ़ लें व पालना अवश्य करें।

परीक्षक हेतु निर्देश :- (1) परीक्षक को उपरोक्त सारणी अनुसार प्राप्तांक भरना अनिवार्य हैं, अन्यथा नियमानुसार दंडित किया जायेगा।

(2) परीक्षक उत्तर पुस्तिका के अन्दर के पृष्ठों के बायीं ओर निर्धारित कॉलम में लाल इंक से अंक प्रदत्त करें।

(3) कुल योग भिन्न में प्राप्त होने पर उसे पूर्णांक में ही परिवर्तित कर अंकित करें (उदाहरणार्थ : 15 $\frac{1}{4}$ को 16, 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ को 18, 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ को 20)

प्रश्नवार प्राप्तांकों की सारणी (परीक्षक के उपयोग हेतु)			
प्रश्नों की क्रम संख्या	प्राप्तांक	प्रश्नों की क्रम संख्या	प्राप्तांक
1	12	19	3
2	6	20	3
3	12	21	4
4	2	22	4
5	2	23	4
6	2	24	
7	2	25	
8	2	26	
9	2	27	
10	2	28	
11	2	29	
12	2	30	
13	2	31	
14	2	योग	80
15	2	प्राप्त अंकों का कुल योग (Round off)	
16	2	अंकों में	शब्दों में
17	3	80	अच्छी
18	3		

परीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर 3 संकेतांक 31562

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि इस उत्तर पुस्तिका के निर्माण में 58 जी.एस.एम. ईको मैपलिथो कागज ही उपयोग में लिया गया है। 175/2023

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए आवश्यक निर्देश

1. समस्त प्रश्नों का हल निर्धारित शब्द सीमा में इसी उत्तर पुस्तिका में करना है। विशेष परिस्थिति में अतिरिक्त उत्तर पुस्तिका, उत्तर पुस्तिका भरी हुई होने पर पर्यवेक्षक एवं वीक्षक की अनुशंसा पर ही उपलब्ध कराई जायेगी।
2. प्रश्न-पत्र पर निर्धारित स्थान पर अपना नामांक लिखें।
3. प्रश्न-पत्र हल करने के पश्चात् जिस पृष्ठ पर हल समाप्त होता है, उस पर अन्त में "समाप्त" लिखकर अन्त के सभी रिक्त पृष्ठों को तिरछी लाईन से काटे।
4. निम्न बातों का विशेष ध्यान रखें अन्यथा अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम अधिनियम के तहत कार्यवाही की जा सकेगी।
 - (i) उत्तर पुस्तिका के ऊपर/अन्दर तथा प्रश्नोत्तर के किसी भी भाग में चाही गई सूचना के अलावा अपना नामांक, नाम, पता, फोन नम्बर अथवा पहचान की कोई अन्य प्रकार की सूचना आदि अंकित नहीं करें अन्यथा "अनुचित साधनों के प्रयोग" के अन्तर्गत कार्यवाही की जावेगी।
 - (ii) उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठों को फाड़ें नहीं। उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख पृष्ठ पर अंकित संख्या के अनुसार पृष्ठ पूरे होने चाहिये। परीक्षार्थी उत्तरपुस्तिका प्राप्त करते ही पृष्ठ संख्या की जांच कर लें यदि पृष्ठ कम/अधिक या क्रम में नहीं हैं तो वीक्षक से तुरन्त बदलवा लें।
 - (iii) परीक्षा केन्द्रों पर पुस्तक, लेख, कागज, केलक्यूलेटर, मोबाईल, पेजर आदि किसी भी प्रकार का इलेक्ट्रॉनिक उपकरण तथा किसी भी प्रकार का हथियार आदि ले जाना निषेध है।
 - (iv) वस्त्र, स्केल, ज्योमेट्री बॉक्स पर कुछ न लिखकर लावें। टेबुल के आस-पास कोई अवैध सामग्री नहीं होनी चाहिये, इसकी जांच कर लें।
 - (v) अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका/ग्राफ/मानचित्र आदि परीक्षा भवन से बाहर ले जाना दण्डनीय अपराध है, अतः परीक्षा समाप्ति पर उत्तर पुस्तिका-वीक्षक को बिना सौंपे परीक्षा कक्ष नहीं छोड़ें।
5. उत्तरों को क्रमानुसार एक ही स्थान पर लिखें। प्रश्न क्रमांक भी सही अंकित करें, अन्यथा दण्ड स्वरूप परीक्षक को 1 अंक कम करने का अधिकार है। बीच में उत्तर पुस्तिका के पृष्ठ रिक्त न छोड़ें। गणित विषय के लिए रफ कार्य उत्तर पुस्तिका के अंतिम पृष्ठों पर करें तथा तिरछी रेखा से काटे।
6. जहाँ तक हो सके प्रश्न के सभी भागों के उत्तर, उत्तर पुस्तिका में एक ही स्थान पर अंकित करें।
7. भाषा विषयों को छोड़कर शेष सभी विषयों के प्रश्न-पत्र हिन्दी-अंग्रेजी दोनों भाषा में मुद्रित है। किसी भी प्रकार की त्रुटि/अन्तर/विरोधाभास होने पर हिन्दी भाषा के प्रश्न को ही सही माना जाये।

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(12)

Section - A

- Q1. 1. (B) 1914 - 1918
2. (A) Operation Desert Storm
3. (C) Euro
4. (A) India
5. (A) Reducing greenhouse gas emissions
6. (C) Saudi Arabia
7. (C) Jawaharlal Nehru
8. (B) Right
9. (D) 1955
10. (A) 352
11. (B) Jayaprakash Narayan
12. (C) V.P. Singh

Q2. Fill in the blanks :-

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6

1. Czechs and Slovaks2. Sinhala community3. Bombay Plan4. Dalai Lama5. Article 370

United Progressive alliance

6. ~~National Democratic Alliance~~

12

03. Very Short :-

1. Small States need financial, political and economic support, that's why they integrate into two superpower blocs during the Cold War.

2. The US Defence Department headquarter name was Pentagon.



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3. Four member countries of the ASEAN organisation are -
Indonesia, Singapore, Thailand and Philipphines.

4. North-Eastern countries like -
Japan, Korea, etc come under India 'Look East' and 'Act East' Policy.

5. United Nations was the successor of League of Nations which started in 1945 because League of Nations was failed to control the world. That's why Second World War also occurred.

6. The two sides of non-traditional conception of security are:-

- Human security
- Global security

7. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan was famous



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		as Frontier Gandhi.
1	8.	The first five year plan was started in <u>1951</u> .
1	9.	The first conference of the Non-Aligned Movement held in <u>Belgrade</u> in <u>September 1961</u> .
1	10.	After the death of Lal Bahadur Shastri, there was a contest between <u>Indira Gandhi</u> and <u>Morarji Desai</u> .
1	11.	Under <u>Article 352</u> of the Constitution, emergency was declared on <u>25 June, 1975</u> .
1	12.	The recommendation of Mandal Commission for backward castes was that <u>27 per cent</u> seats are reserved in <u>Government Jobs & Educational Institution</u> for these backward sections.

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Section - B

04. Michail Gorbachev was the President of Soviet Union at the time of its disintegration and also the leader of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. He also tried to bring reforms to stop disintegration but he lost all his supports.

05. 'The constraint to American power is America itself', the two constraints on American power are-

- The first constraint is American Institutional Architecture itself.
- Second is the open nature of America that is American Mass Media.

06. Benefits of 'privatization of agriculture' in China are :-

- The Market economy of China use its own path in introducing its economy by which no other outsider



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can interfere.

- State has no control on its agriculture by which their agriculture investments is high due to private companies.

07. The main reason for dispute between India and Pakistan is -

- Kashmir was the part of India and Pakistan considered it that it belongs to them which was dispute b/w these two nations.
- Indus River Water sharing was also one of the major reason but later it solved.

08. Migrants -

Migrants are those people who voluntarily leave their home countries and other Nations also allow them.

Refugees

Refugees are those people who



who migrate due to disease, ^{war} disasters, etc. The other nations don't allow them because these people also spread violence in their countries.

Q9. Two disadvantages are:-

- ②
- Mineral industries caused too much water pollution in the environment.
 - By extracting minerals, the natural resources like - petroleum, iron, copper, aluminium are also extracted and take too much long times to rebuild again.

Q10. 'At the time of independence British India was in two parts' that is East Pakistan and West Pakistan. East Pakistan belongs to Bengladeshi people which are more in number of Muslims. And West Pakistan is more in number of muslims but try to dominate the other hindus

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of East Pakistan. By which a great dispute was occurred in Bengaladesh. In 1971, by this huge dispute of West and East Pakistan region it was become a separate country from India.

Q11. The two effects of Green Revolution are :-

- By the Green Revolution, HYV's seeds, pesticides, insecticides are also including in Indian Agriculture.
- Green Revolution bring change in Indian agriculture system by which India's agriculture productivity was also increase.

Q12. Two reasons are :-

- India and China have friendly relation after independence because they both sign the Panchsheel in 1954 (Five Principle



of Peaceful Coexistence) in which they don't interfere in each other internal matters.

- Both the Nations are also have trust that the other nation don't go to war.

Q13. Lal Bahadur Shastri faced two challenges which are as follow:-

- In his Prime Ministership the country faced Indo-China wars consequences like - food scarcity, drought, monsoon failed, etc.
- India also had Indo-Pak war in 1965 in his prime Ministership.

Q14. Reason for active participation of women are -

- In Chipko - movement, women tried to hug trees so that they save trees to cut down.
- In Indian culture women are most attached to environment they don't

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want that somebody would harm the environment.

- Trees are natural resources and are ~~very~~ beneficial also. So not only women, men are also protest against the cutting of trees.
- Chipko-movement is ~~such a~~ movement in which ~~women~~ show the nation that tree cutting is illegal.

Q15. Objective of Dalit Panther Organization are :-

- ① In pre-independence period, dalits faced untouchability. So they want that dalits are also be treated as same as other community in the nation.
- Their main demand was that such effective reservations and social services acts are implemented that uplift their condition in real manner.

② Q16. BAMCEF (Backward and Minority)

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Classes Employees Federation) was set up in 1978 for the rise of organisation of Dalits. This federation was started to uplift ~~the Dalit community~~. BAMCEF was the main reason for BSP (Bahujan Samajh Party) rising whose main leader was Kanshi Ram. Bahujan include - ST, SC, OBC, Minorities. So, that the development of these four communities are done.

Section - C

Q17. Consequences of 'Shock Therapy' -

- (3) *
- * Currency Based consequences - The currency of Russia, Ruble was dramatically declined. By which commodities price are also increase.
 - * Social consequences - The disintegrated nations had there own aspirations and government subsidies led people into poverty.

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Reinativization being greater inequalities among people.

- * Political Consequences - The Constitution are made in must and hurry. By which Turkmenistan by Uzbekistan leader elected for 10 years and again elect for another ten years.

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Q18. Three arguments in favour of India are -

(3) • Regular UN Budgeter :- India was a regular UN Budgeter, it was never flattered and fulfill the demand of UN permanent member.

• Big size in Population :- India comes in second number in terms of population, because the UN permanent member does not big size of population.



- A Nation who respect Democracy :- India has world largest democracy than others. As a demand of UN permanent member it fulfills all the requirement of UN member.

Q19. Three methods of voting are -

- ③ • Ballot Box :- Firstly, the ballot boxes are used in which there was name of candidate and the symbol. Voters have only to stamp on where they want to elect.
- EVM machine :- Secondly, Electronic ~~Voter Verify~~ Machines are used in which all works are done by machine. But this method sometimes, sent all the votes to one candidate which was not a symbol of free voting.
- VVPAT :- Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail is new voting.

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method in which there was a slip in which candidate name, symbol, code and other related information are occurred by 7 seconds then goes to glass box but this method can make sure the voter that whom they elected. Presently, this voting method is used in election process.

Q20. Many events happened in Emergency in 1975 like :-

- On 12 June, 1975, Allahabad High Court Judge gave judgement that Indira Gandhi election are invalid.
- According to judgement, Indira Gandhi not remain PM and she again elected as MP within 6 months.
- On 24 June, 1975, Supreme Court take a partial stay in which she remain the MP but not include in proceedings of Lok Sabha.
- In Delhi Ramlila ground, a



massive disturbance was occur by Jayprakash Narayan (JP) that we don't follow "illegal and immoral orders."

- On 25 June, 1975 after all this massive disturbance emergency was declared on 'Internal disturbance' which was mention in Article 352.

Section - D

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Q21. 'The Cuban Missile Crisis was a high point of Cold War' because -

In

- In 1961, the president of Soviet Union Nikita Khrushchev wants to include Cuba in its Base.
- So it placed missiles on Cuba.
- The president of America John F. Kennedy knows about all these so he started his forces to warn the Russia to return those missiles. Otherwise, it was turn into a full-scale war.
- The clashes between these two superpowers is known as Cuban-Missile crisis.



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- The world was nervous by this clashes.
- Later Soviet Union backfire and removed there missiles from Cuba.
- Hence, this cuban-missile crisis was the major point of Cold War because both the superpowers understand that war was not necessary in this condition.
- This clash was not even turned into a full-scale war. Rather, it was settle with a peaceful end.
- This crisis was a high point of Cold War due to two superpowers ideologies and tensions which not turned into a milliant crisis and not a war will happen.
- The Cold war itself has a meaning that those clashes by a crisis which not turned into a hot war are cold war. Hence, this crisis was also high point of Cold War.



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Q22. Globalization Meaning :-

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Globalization means flows of idea, capital, commodity, people from one place to another part of the world. Globalization was sometimes positive and also the negative one.

* Its causes :-

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- The causes of globalization not include a single factor, in which technology play a major role.
- The flow of idea, capital, commodity and people from one part of the world to another one is somewhere possible by technology.
- Technology make possible and easy the flow of capital and commodity in comparison to people.
- Because, transport, communication, banking, sites are all the part of technological invention of humans civilization.



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- The another major cause of globalization is interconnection because it was major aspect of globalization.
 - ~~If a event is take place~~ in one part of world its impact was also been seen in another part.
 - Like in Second World War, countries of Europe also and from Japanese also face the effect of it.
- Hence, globalization was included technology and interconnection in its base.

Q 23. Regional aspirations in India have been manifested in the form of diverse examples like -

- In the form of economic development regional aspirations of India also take place. Because different states start rising their protest and by



which Indian government have to look into their matters. In which the government do some needful things and programme by which their economic development also take place.

- The rise of separatism like - in Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Manipur, Tripura and other north-east states of India wants to separate from the Assam because they felt that Assamese culture & language are imposed on them. By which they don't want to part of Assam.
- Demand of being an independent and separate demand are also one of major regional aspirations in India.
- Like - In Mizoram, Mizo hills people felt that they are not being in British India. So they also don't belong to Indian Union. Same time of demand was in Naga communities which wants a separate states or country. Hence all these teach a lesson



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that different regional aspiration of peoples from different - different community together can build a separate state for them. And also build a India as a 'Diversed Nation' and a 'Democratic Country' in which stand for their rights and regional communities aspiration.

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The End.....

[illegible]



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80

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